# A Review Literature on Synthesis of someTriazole Derivatives, Their Biological Characterization in Pharmaceutical Field

Sanjeev Kumar Bhatt\*, Indu Singh, Gaurav Kumar, Nency, Amrish Soam

Dept.of Chemistry, Meerut College Meerut, UP India Email: bhattsanjeev6@gmail.com

Reference to this paper should be made as follows:

Sanjeev Kumar Bhatt, Indu Singh, Gaurav kumar, Nency, Amrish Soam

" A Review Literature on Synthesis of some Triazole......",

Voyager: Vol. X, 2019 pp.43-65

#### Abstract

In a last century, a large numberof different molecules of hetero cyclic compound have been synthesis i.e. quinazolinone thiazolinone azetidinone etc. but in it triazole derivatives showgreat attraction towardsin heterocyclic compound and triazole molecules show very important part due to its efficacyagainst biological and pharmaceutical fieldand its molecules generally found in two isomeric form1,2,3 and 1,2,4 triazole moiety derivatives, and these isomeric form of derivativesis very important in biological and pharmaceuticalfieldi.e. microbial, fungal, tubucular cancer, bacterial etc.

**Keyword**: triazole moiety ,pharmaceutical , biological activity, fungal activity and microbial activity .

#### Introduction

Heterocyclic chemistry is a wide area of chemistry in it one or more ring with hetero atom present, which is other than carbon atom present in it, hetero atom which general form the ring is S, N, halogen ,oxygen, triazole unit cotaining derivatives antifungal drug ie Fluconazole, Isovucanazole, Itraconazole, Voriconazole, Pramiconazole, Ravuconazole And Posaconazole. Two isomeric form of triazole unit



Fig 1 1,2,3 and 1,2,4 Triazole tautomeric form

Differentmolecules of triazole show very effective and useful nature –i.e. substituted azetidinyl indole triazole characterised as antibacterial properties <sup>1.</sup> novel1, 2, 4 triazole containing quinazolinyl pipridinyl and N (substituted phenyl) acetamide work as antibacterial and phyto phathogenic bacterium orazae pv <sup>4</sup>and Workin the field of corrosion inhibitor for carbon steel <sup>5</sup> triazole nucleus are also very effective in anticancer protective molecules <sup>10</sup>triazole compoundin hetrocyclic chemistry containing triazole as well as amide unit is very effective as anti fungal

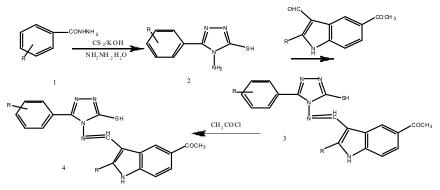
characteristic <sup>11</sup> triazole nucleus function as biological and pharmaceutical properties in differentdisease<sup>14</sup> properties show as anticancer activity <sup>16</sup> bistriazole show properties as cytotoxicity nature<sup>18</sup> antifungal , antibacterial properties of novel 1,2,3 triazole <sup>19</sup> aryl suphanamide triazole derivatives show activity and valuable properties as antitubucular activity <sup>22</sup> unit of triazole function as anti proliferatives activity <sup>24</sup> in biological field triazole molecules and nuleus also function as anti fungal and anti tubucular nature and function against defferent properties . sor we notify charecterized triazole derivatives (nucleus) is very useful, beneficial ie -biological, medicinal, agricultural, and other important area.

### Scheme 1

Synthesis of 4-[2-substituted alkyl/aryl-5-methoxy -3-indolyleno]-3-ethanthioate-5-(-substituted - phenyl,1,2,4triazole:Take compound lie- hydrazide 0.01 mole and potassium hydroxide KOH1.5 mole, CS, 1.0 mole are mix in a round bottom flask and add appropriate methanol to make proper solution and stirred for 2 h and than reflux 4 h,checked progress of thereaction and poured it into ice cold water and neutralised by conc. HCl and get desire compound 2. Now take solution of compd 2 (0.01mole) and substituted aldehyde -(0.01) - molewere added separate into glacial acetic acid, Reaction mixture is refluxed for 10 hr and solvent is distilled off at a reduced pressure

to get triazole derivatives compound 3 and take compound (3) 0.08 mole in dry ether,  $CH_3COCl$  (0.16) mole was transfer into it slowly drop to drop with stirring and this mix

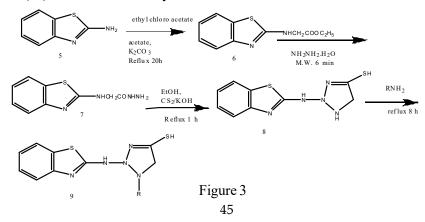
content were poured to the crushed ice,the solid(4) was separated with water . Which is desire triazole derivatives .<sup>1</sup>



#### Figure 2

# Scheme 2

Synthesis of 1-[3H-indol-2ylamino)methyl]-4-substituted 4,5 dihydro-1 H1,2,4,triazole-3- thiol :Take 1,3 benzothiazol-2-amine(1 mole in acetone and ethyl chloro acetate 1.0 molewas added drop wise in presence of potassium carbonate 4 gm and mixture was stirring and reflux it for 20 hr to yield acetate 6 and mixture of compound( 6) are mixed with hydrazine hydrate and absolute ethanol are added and put it in microwave and irradiate for 6 min to get compound (7), salt form of compound is also prepared by reaction of compound( 7) and , KOH, 0.01mole and  $CS_20.01mole$ and ethyl alcohol then reflux, cool to ice and dry to obtained compound 8 which again reflux with aniline /amine to get optimum compound (9).<sup>2</sup>



A Review Literature on Synthesis of some Triazole.....

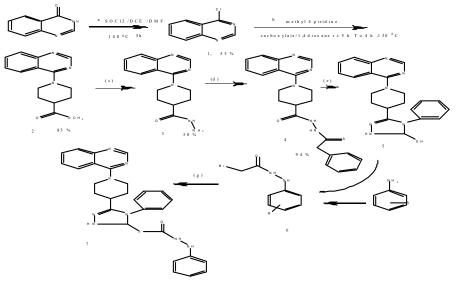


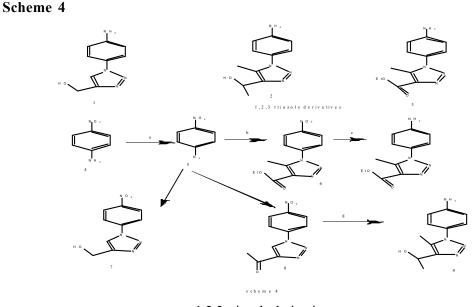
Figure 4

(a)- thionil chloride(1) SOCl<sub>2</sub>,(2) DCE (3) DMF,139.8°C, 5 - h (b)-Methyl Pipridine Carboxylate/1,4dioxane r.t, 4-5 h, at 128°C (c)NH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> Hydrate/CH<sub>3</sub>OH, reflux,12.5 h (d) (1) PhNCS(2) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH,100°C, 5 hour (e)(1) 10% potassium corbonate 110°C,5h, (2) dil hydro chloric acid, neutral (Ph-7.0), (f)(1) BrCH<sub>2</sub>COBr(2) Et<sub>3</sub>N(3) 1,4dioxane 1,4 reflux .,5.5 hour (g) (1)Acetone, (2)K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, 40 °C, reflux 3.5 h

# Synthesis

Newly prepared 4chloroquinazoline (1gm 0.08 mole, methyl 4 pipridine carboxylate(0.83 -ml,6.08 mole was shaking to 5h at ordinary temp.and it reflux for 4.5 h and cool, wash, dry to getpure form of precipitate of compound (2), then take ester of compound (2)300 gm 1.10 mole +  $NH_2NH_2$  hydrate 01.00 ml in methanol (5ml) and stirre and refluxed for-14 h to obtained pure compound (3) yield 38 % mp -173 -175 °C then take the compound (3)- 0.304gram, 0.112 mol and -Phenyl isothiocynate0.16mol 1.33 m-moltransferto EtOH12 ml. It refluxed for 5h, pure white solid precipitate of compound 4 is obtained yield94%mp- 195 -196 °C.for obtained compound 5 takes sol<sup>n</sup> of K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>/Aq) 10% 4 ml and add compound 4, 100mg, 0.26mmol heated to refluxed 5.5 h. cool it, and neutralised with dil HClto obtainedTriazole (5)Mp 141-143, ... Yield 86% °C colour white solid, to obtained compound 6. It is prepared by Barkar at all<sup>3</sup>.

Amix content of substitute aniline (3.1mmol), triethyl amine 1.15mltake in dioxane dry (6ml,It stirre at  $0^{\circ}$ C for 6 min now bromoacetyl bromide1.054 mol content dissolve in dioxane (dried) 6 mltransfer it dropwise and stirred continues for 5 h, then reaction mixture transfer into cold ice water, wash dry and finally compound of amide6 is obtained yield 58 to 95%, amixture of compound 5 which is a triazole, triazol 50.00mg, 0.13mmol),  $K_2CO_3$  9mg 0.07mmol. and reaction mixture of compound 6, (0.13mmol) is add to acetone 5 ml then stirre at 42°C, 2-4 h then transfer into cold ice water then resulting compound 7 is obtained yield 58-92 %<sup>4</sup>.



1,2,3,triazole derivatives

Reagent (a)NaNO<sub>3</sub> -HCl (b), $(C_2H_5)_3N$ , Di methyl formamide,ethyl acetoacetate (C) Pd-C, HCOONH<sub>4</sub>(d) (1)Ascorbic Acid ,copper sulphate,sodium bi corbonate,  $C_3H_4O$  alcohol,( propargylic) (e) Zinc,ammonium Chloride +H<sub>2</sub>O (f) triethyl amine , Acetyl Acetone (g)sodium borohydride-CH<sub>3</sub>OH,CuSO<sub>4</sub>.hydrated.

# A : Formation of a 1-(- 4-nitrophenyl)-1H-1,2,3,triazole-4yl-methanol( 7):

Take 30ml6 N,p -nitro aniline 3.0gm,21.7mmol is transfer into it with magnetic stirrer now add NaNO<sub>3</sub> 1.5 gm21.74 mmol in 20ml H<sub>2</sub>O drop wise maintain temperature 0-5<sup>o</sup>C stirring for 1hand NaN<sub>3</sub> 1.41gm, 21.74 mmol in 20m IH<sub>2</sub>O with vigorously stirring then product 5 otained,

yellowish solid 90% yield now take compound 5, 1.2g 7.30 mmolin tert- butanol 6 ml add , a content of ( $C_6H_8O_6$ ascorbic acid ) -0.28g ,0.16 mol copper sulphate hydrated,0.145 g,0.580 mmol(d)NaNO<sub>3</sub> 135 mg 1.6 mmol+ 5.0 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O after it alcohol propargylic 0.520 ml9 mmol add it stirred for 24- 48 h the brownish solid product is obtained yield 78%.

# B: Synthesis of (1-(4-aminophenyl-1H1, 2, 3, triazole -4 ylmethanol

Take a susp<sup>n</sup> of compound (7) ,1.54 gm 7.0 mmol in water 40 ml  $NH_4Cl$  750 mg 14mmol and Zn crushed03.3250 gm ,50.80mmol add to it .then stirred at low pressure ,the product colour- white (s),Yield-83% .

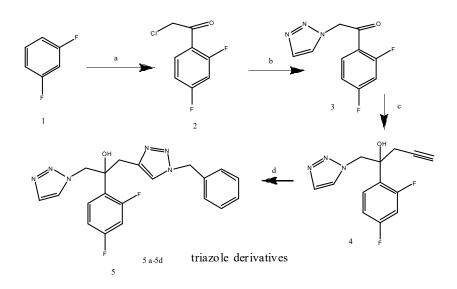
# Formation 1-(5 methyl –(4 nitrophenyl)-1-H 1,2,3 triazole 4- ylethanone (8)

0.693 mg03.20 mmol of compound (5) and 1.70 ml DMF, the solid was solubilised **Scheme5**  by magnetic stirrer at , room temperature 1.20 ml of trimethyl amine , 0.90ml of ethyl acetone add into RBF and stirred for 24 h and product obtained in powder form is 75%yield (8)

# 1-(1-(4 aminophenyl)-5methyl-1H 1,2,3 triazole -4-yl) ethanol Synthesis (2)

Take 0.208 g of content (8)in methanol 5 ml 0.80 mlCuSO4 saturated Sol<sup>n</sup>and in other flask0.190 g , sodium borohydridein 6ml water +methanol1:1 mixture, temp. ice water bath (5-10)<sup>o</sup>C and portion of flask 2 transfer into flask 1<sup>st</sup> CuS black ppt is obtained .CuS filtere, methanol distilled, the concentratecontent part was solubilised in ethyl acetate and extract by water, the organic phase dried withNa<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>anhyds.the solvent is dried at reduce pressure a purplish solid is obtained79 % yield.<sup>5</sup>

Synthesis of compound 5) ,1-(1H1,2,4 triazole -1-yl)-2-(2 ,4-difloro phenyl -3-substitute -2 propanol



#### Figure 6

(a), 50 °C,AlCl<sub>3</sub>,ClCH<sub>2</sub>COCl ,,5 h , 85 % (b)1- H-1,2,4 triazole , sodium bi corbonate,Toluenereflux ,5 h , 60 % (C)Zn, propargyclic Bromide DMF / THF 60 °C , 6h 95 % result (d)NaN<sub>3</sub> substituteBenzyl Bromide ascorbic Sodium,CuSO<sub>4</sub>,DMSO, 86%Compound 2 is obtained by reaction of compound (1) and chloro acetyl chloride <sup>6</sup>and compound 4 is synthesised by nuceophilic addition of compound (3) propyl Bromide , presence of Zinc in DMF sol<sup>n</sup>on 27  $^{0}$ C .<sup>7</sup> and the compound (5) is obtained by Click reaction between compound (4)and CuI catalyse 1,3dipolar cycloaddition with substituted azedomethyl benzene <sup>8,9</sup>.

Scheme 6

Synthesis of triazole : Synthsis 1 arial-5 methyl -1H – 1,2,3triazole 4-carboxylic acid

#### A Review Literature on Synthesis of some Triazole.....

Sanjeev Kumar Bhatt, Indu Singh, Gaurav kumar, Nency, Amrish Soam

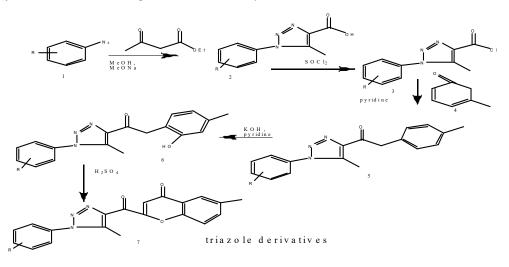


figure 7

the reaction of arial azide with ethyl chloro acetate to form triazole derivatives <sup>1</sup> Scheme 7 :

To Synthesis new of triazole derivatives :

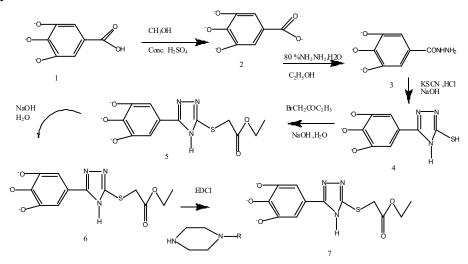
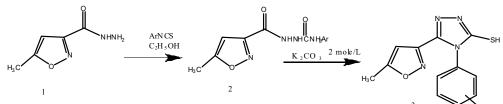


figure 8

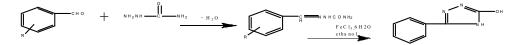
The compound (1) is aromatic acid take 0.01  $H_2SO_4$  added and transfer into RBF and add molin methanolin which few drops of conc. ,0.01 mol hydrazine in ethyl alcohol and stirrer

and reflux to form compound (2) and compound 2 is taken in RBF and reacted with Scheme 8 potassium thiocynide in NaOH to form triazole derivatives of compound 3,  $^{11,12}$ .

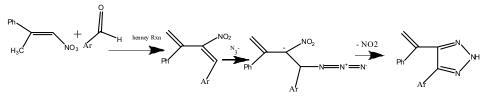


#### triazole derivatives

Taherpospour et all<sup>13</sup> have worked to achieved good yield on microwave assisted application to synthesis 1H-Phenanthro [9,10}[1,2,3]Triazole help of a **Scheme 9**  1:3 Dipolar cyclo addition reaction between Sodium azide vs 9 bromo phenanthreneunder condition potassium tert butoxide in DMSOsolvent .<sup>13</sup>

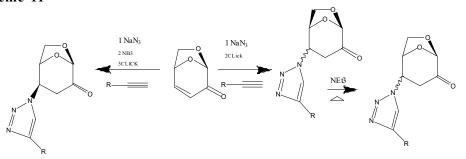


Gupta at, all.<sup>14</sup> have worked and studies 1 (Substitute Benzylidene Semicarbazide used for preparation, very Scheme 10 active as well as biologically beneficial active molecules ie- 3 substitute phenyl 4 H -1,2,4, triazole moiety derivatives.



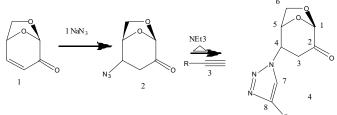
Sen Gupta Et All <sup>15</sup> reported and worked onLewis base – catalysed 3 component part cascade preparation 4, 5 disubstitute 1,2,3 triazole of new NH triazole compound made by it, vinyl group C-4 allow easy change to different triazole moiety derivatives.

A Review Literature on Synthesis of some Triazole.....



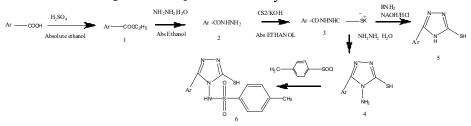
Martin Tersa Flipe At, All ,is reported that inthis reaction 4 equiv .NaN<sub>3</sub> ,40 equiv.of AcOH, and 0.2 Equiv. of  $Et_3N$ , CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> then the reaction performed and result comes about 81 % .á,â unsaturation

presence in compound 1<sup>st</sup> as Michael acceptor and installation azide group at C-4 product the compound (2) It is reacted against different alkynes -3 Cu I catalysed to produced desire product 4



compound 4 is triazole derivatives which is used as an anticancer agent <sup>16</sup>compound

4,5,6 show antifungal and antibactericidal activity .

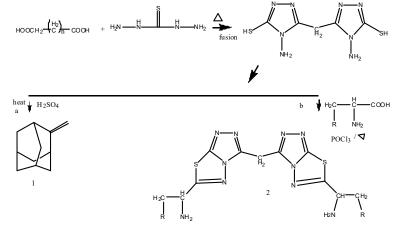


Dilip kumar at all<sup>17</sup> are synthesis to desire triazole derivative, compound (1)benzoic acid or 4 substituted benzoic acid 0.1 mol in ethanol in RBF and 5.7ml  $H_2SO_4$  dissolve by ethanol 90 ml and refluxe 4 h. It transfer to chilled water, synthesis ester were extract with  $CCl_4$  and was with 20%sodium bi carbonate and after drying on MgSO<sub>4</sub> pure compound1 is obtained then it reacted with hydrazine hydrate( 0.01 mol)drop by drop and  $C_2H_5OH0.15$ mol and refluxed 4-5 h . acid hydrazide (2) is obtained and recrystallised by ethanol, now take KOH 0.150 mol 100 ml  $C_2H_5$ OHand 0.10mol of compound 2treated with 0.150 mol, carbon disulphide and stirre for 12-16 h the solvent distille off – compound of potassium dithiocarbazinate (3) is obtained . and a suspension of compound (3),0.10mol in absolute alcohol NH,NH, hydrate and 6 ml H,O, it is refluxe

2-3 h ,solution colour change with evolution of  $H_2S$  gas cool and add 100ml distilled water then acidified by conc. HCl and then pure compound of triazole derivatives is obtained progress of the reaction is monitored by TLC and eluent used chloroform and acetone 4:1 yield 72-80 % the desire compound show activity against antibacterial andantifungal.<sup>17</sup>

#### Scheme 12

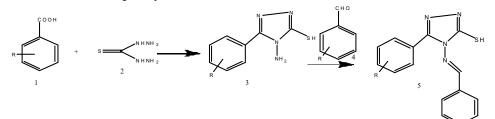
To synthesis bis -(4-N-amino 5- marcapto 1,2,4 triazole 3 yl ) alkanes :



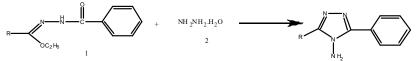
Take dicarboxylic acid 0.1 mol and thio carbohydrazide in 1:2 ratio and heated in RBF in oil bath until it melt the content maintained 15to 20 min at it now the product is cool and treated it with sodium bi carbonate to obtaineddesire compound of triazole derivatives is obtained then compound 1 and adamantane reacted 1:2 in DMF in ethanol on oil bath 4-5 h after it add few drop of  $\rm H_2SO_4$ , after cooling, filtration, drying recrystallised by DMFto obtained Schiffbase compound 2and again take 3 neck quick fit flask, fit it bydropping funnel,and attached a condenser to part 1phenylalanine and phosphorous oxy chloridewas added and refluxed for 2 hr at oil bath andafter concentratedcool and transfer to crushed ice water to obtained desire product<sup>18</sup>

# Scheme 13:

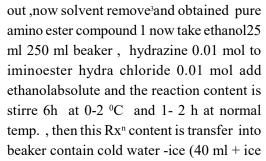
Synthesis 4 amino -5phenyl -4H- 1,2,4 - triazole-3-thiol



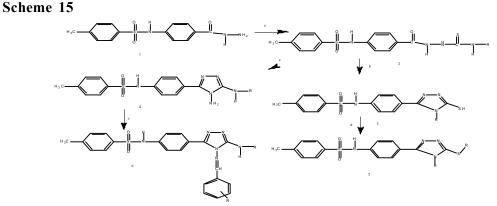
D.K. Jain et. all Synthesis the 1,2,4 - triazole moiety derivatives i.e. – a novelseries ,Schiff base of 4 benzylidine amino -5 -phenyl 4H 1,2,4- triazole 3 - thiol molecules which show antimicrobial agents to prepare the compound 3like substituted benzoic acid (0.01 mol) , and - thio carbonate 0.01 mol warm untilled it melt and it maintained at 145° C at 40min , Product obtained it cool and treat with sodium bi carbonate sol<sup>n</sup> to neutralize and wash withwater and recrystallised by ethanol and pure compound of triazole derivatives is obtained and to form Schiff base it reacted **Scheme 14**  with substituted benzaldehyde 0.2mol to obtained of triazole deririvatives 4 (benzylidene amino)-5 phenyl 4- H-1,2,4 triazole 3-thiol is obtained by adding substituted (0.2 mol) in ethanol and compound 3 is heated until a clear solution is obtained then few drop of con  $H_2SO_4$  is added and solution was refluxed for 6h on water bath and purified and obtained pure triazole derivatives .The base triazole derivatives work against anti bacterial and anti fungal activity. <sup>19</sup>



The desire reagent 1 is obtained by reaction of salicyl aldehyde (0.01 mol) is dissolve in  $H_2O$ , KOH (0.01) mol alkohlic which contain in 100 ml ethanol, then solvent  $C_2H_5OH$  is vaporise was removed and residue portion is dissolve by DMF 20 ml, suitable dihalide 0.005 ml and this content reflux 6min in this process Kcl is separate



10gm) In this condition precipitate formed and it dried, product recrystallised by 1:2 petroleum ether vs benzene to obtained pure triazole unit derivatives which show bacterial and fungicidal properties.



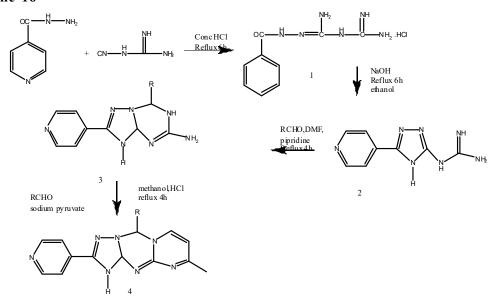
 (a) R-NCS/Dioxane (b) 2MNaOH/ Reflux (c) NH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> (d)RX/KOH/ EtOH (e) 2,4,5, trimethoxy Benzaldehyde/EtOH/HOAc/ Reflux

To takeacid hydrazide 1.610 gm 0.002 molin dioxane 20ml substituted isothiocynate 0.002molwas added and stirred to over night then product 2 is obtained after purified. Now take compound (2) - 4 substituted 5–(4-tosylateimino)phenyl-4H-1,2,4 triazole-3- thiols and solid thiosemicarbazides(2),0.002molto 20ml 2M NaOH and refluxed for 10 h reaction, the

progress of the reactionchecked and to cool and filtrate is acidified by AcOH then precipitate of desire compound (3) is obtained then a mixture of compound (3) thio-semicarbazide (3) 0.002 mol hydrated hydrazine0.025mol dissolve by methanol 20 ml, it reflux on water bath and checked the purity product form by ethyl acetate : petroleum ether 1:1 and content transfer into crushed ice and get desire compound (4) is now take the mixture of 1,2,4 triazole of 3 thiol (3), 0.1 mol and alkyl halide or chloroacetamide derivatives 0.1 mol in ethanol 30ml containing KOH 0.12 mol was stirre at room temp.to obtained product 5,6 which show antimicrobial activity <sup>21</sup>

A Review Literature on Synthesis of some Triazole.....

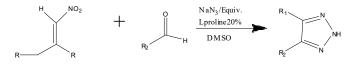
#### Scheme 16



Babu at .all, Synthesis a triazole derivatives in it isoniazide 0.05 mol and cynoquinadine 0.05 mole conc. HCl10 ml and 100 ml alcohol and refluxed 6h and cool ,dried and purified to separate the desire compound (1) mp-185 °C .Yield 87 %.

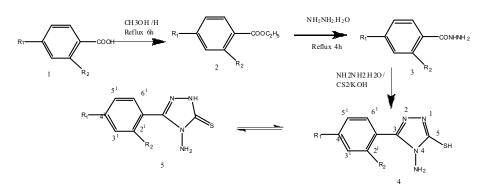
1 - [a m i n o (i s o n i c o t e n o y l c a r b o n o hydrazonyl]quinidine HCl, and now take compound (1) 9.24 gm 0.02mol and 10% NaOH25 ml the content were refluxed 6h on water bath the resulting solution now cool to room temperature ,purified in 25 ml water and dry to obtained 2-(3-pyridnyl-1H-1,2,4, triazol -5yl quinidine(2) mp-306-310 °C yield 85 % .now compound (2) taken0.005 mole in RBFdissolve by DMF 25 ml and added suitable substituted benzaldehyde ( 0.01 mol 5 drop of pipridine and the mixture is refluxed 4 h and content was transfer into cold ice water and separate solid form collect by filtration and it is recrystallize by ethanol and water mix portion 80:20 , now take the solution of compound 3<sup>rd</sup> in RBF 0.01mole in methanol and sodium pyruvate 0.005 mole and formaldehyde 0.005 mole and 1.0 ml of conc HCl and content of the flask refluxe 4 h, cooled and separated solid form and it is collected by filtration method ,now again recrystallized by appropriate solvent and the desire product achievedas in the form of triazole derivatives <sup>22</sup>

### Scheme 17



To synthesis a triazole derivatives from a base method nitro alkene –aldehyde coupling , nitro alkenes is reacted with aromatic aldehyde in presence of base  $NaN_3and a$  solvent for about 2 to 5 h to desire **Scheme 18** 

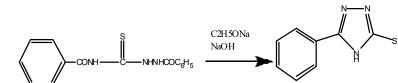
temperature or room temperature , the synthesised compound may be 4,5 di substituted 1,2,3 triazole in it â substituted alkene and aromatic aldehyde having any 6 carbon atom either substituted or not  $^{23}$ .



To form triazole compound(2) 60 ml methanol in RBF (1.50 mol) conc  $H_2SO_4 2,3$  ml and benzoic acid derivatives and refluxed for 5 to 6 h then cool to room temperature and then content was concentrated to rotator evaporation and it dried over room temp., recrystallised by ethanol to obtained compound(2) in ester form which take 0.01 mole and hydrazine hydrate 6.00gm.12mol in ethanolto reflux to 4-5 h. Now cool and dry compound 2 is obtained and recrystallised to proper solvent, then compound (2) acid Hydrazide (0.01mol) acidified is add ethyl

alcohol contain KOH 1.6 gm and  $CS_2$ , 1.8 mlis add and mix content stirred for 11 h and now diluted it by ether , shake and stirred further 1-2 h, potassium salt is appliedfurther purification , 99%(0.02 mol 1.00 gmwas gradually added to the above potassium salt then dissolve in water 20 ml with stirring and mixture gentle reflux 3 h during which H<sub>2</sub>S gas evolved and colour dark green obtained and it cool to5 <sup>o</sup>C and acidified, solid separateout it filter and obtained a triazole derivatives .<sup>24</sup>

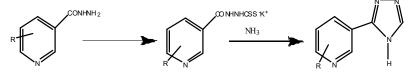
A Review Literature on Synthesis of some Triazole.....



triazole derivatives are synthesis by Dharmesh and S, dayama et. all to synthesis 5 substituted 1- H 1,2,4, triazole - 3- thione 4 by cyclisation into 1 benzoyl 3- thio

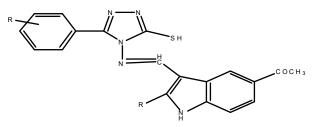
semicarbazide (3) using aqueous sodium hydroxide/ sodium ethoxide and hydrazine hydrat $e^{25}$ .

#### Scheme 20



21 Where R is various substituted aromatic ring part 1,2,4 triazole 5- thiol (2)was compound to various chloro acetanilides it ,which triazole show antifungal and anti tubercular activity  $^{26}$ .

Triazole Derivatives And Their application In Biological AndPharmaceutical field Scheme 1 triazole unit cotaining derivatives antifungal drug ie Fluconazole, Isovucanazole, Itraconazole, Voriconazole, Pramiconazole, Ravuconazole And Posaconazole.etc show very effectivity against biologically protactivity. Now a days no of deffrent molecules have to synthesis which is very beneficial for alive nature



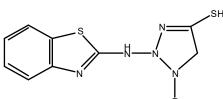
compound 4 in scheme 1 it is a triazole derivatives, this molecules of triazole show

Antibacterial Activity Of New Substituted Azetidinyl Indolyl Triazole Derivatives

# Scheme 2

Triazole derivatives of scheme 2 product8,9 show expected result against biological and

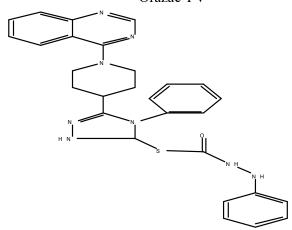
pharmaceutical field.



# Scheme 3

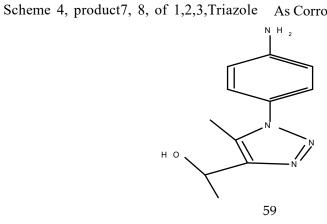
The Quinazolinyl Pipridinyl unit , N ( - Substitute Phenyl ) Acetamide function

partwork<sup>K</sup>As Efficient Bactericides protect Phyto pathogenic Bacterium, Xanthomonase Orazae PV



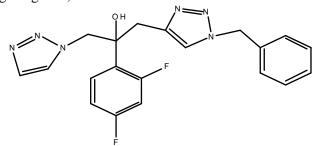
# Scheme4

Derivatives and It show properties against As Corrosion Inhibitor For Carbon Steel.



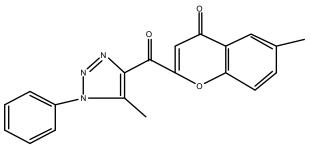
### Scheme5

New Triazole Derivatives in scheme 5 p. 5 work As Antifungal Agents , and effected Molecular Docking properties it also work in the , Bio Organic And Medicinal area.



## **Scheme6**

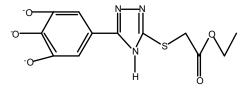
1,2,3, Triazole Derivatives in scheme 6 p-7 And Their work against Anti Cancer Activity.



## Scheme7

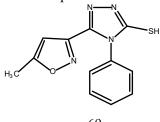
The compound, Novel 1,2,4 –Triazol unit

Derivatives Contain An Amide Moiety in scheme7 p-7work as Antifungal Activity.



### Scheme8

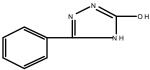
triazole derivatives of scheme 8 p -3 molecules is very effective in biological field



# Scheme9

Triazole Derivatives in scheme 9 p-2 And

Their work as Antimicrobial And Insecticidal activity.



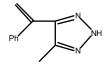
### Scheme10

Triazole derivatives of product of scheme 10

p -3 show appreciable effective against biological activity.

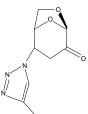
Cancer activityand it show Effective

Exploration antibacterial activity.



## Scheme11

In scheme 11 p-1, 2 Triazole moiety Derivatives Of Levoglucosenone protect

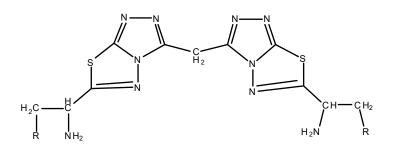


### Scheme 12a

Scheme12b

Triazole derivatives of product of scheme 12 p -4,5 show appreciable effective against biological activityas Anti Microbial.

Triazole Derivatives work As Probes For Cytotoxicity activity

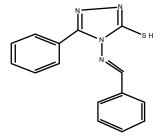


A Review Literature on Synthesis of some Triazole.....

#### Scheme13

Triazole derivatives of product of scheme 13 p -5 show appreciable effective against

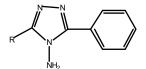
biological activity Antifungal And antibacterial Activity Novel 1,2,3-Triazole Derivatives.



## Scheme14

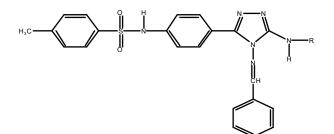
New compound Bis 1,2,4 -Triazole fungal and bacteriacidal activity.

Derivatives show valuable nature against fungal and bacteriacidal activity.



### Scheme15

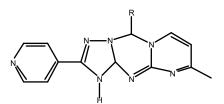
Triazole derivatives of product of scheme 15 p -5,6 show appreciable effective against biological activity Cytotoxic properties, Antimicrobial Activities Of new 1,2,4, Triazole moiety Derivatives In Corporating Aryl Sulphonamide.



# Scheme16

Product Of Novel Triazole Derivatives

scheme 16 p -4 work as Of Antitubucular Activity.



Scheme17 Triazole derivaties Product Of Novel Triazole

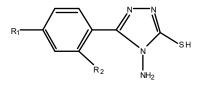
scheme 17 p -1 work as anti bacterial properties.



# Scheme18

Scheme 18 compound 4,5 of 1,2,4 Triazole

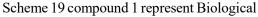
Derivative show valuable effectiveness, Activity against Antiproliferative.

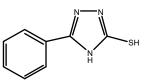


activity.

# Scheme19

. . .

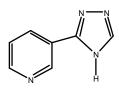




# Scheme20

Scheme 20 Compound 2of triazole 1,2,4

derivatives show Antifungal And Anti Tubucular 1,2,4



#### Conclusion

Different derivatives of triazole which is two isomeric form ie 1,2,3 and 1,2,4 are very important. Drug of triazole ie flucanazole, itraconazole, isovucanazole and so many other drug which contain triazole moiety are very useful.BY the study and evolution of different molecules, it concludethat it work against antifungal ,antibacterial , antitubucular, corrosion inhibitor, in agriculture , antimicrobial etc. Over all we conclude that triazole derivatives are very effective against different diseases and various field in last decade and to develop new effective molecules in challenging field.

#### REFRENCE

- 1. A, Kumar Et All: Synthesis And Antibacterial Activity Of New Substituted Azetidinyl Indolyl Triazole Derivatives Indian Drug 47(6) June2010.
- 2. Parminder Kumar Et .All ,Int.Res.J.Pharm.20109(7).
- 3. J,M,Hung: H,JArab Shahi:E, Lung: J,Renison: D Burkar :Eur.Med.Chem. 2014, 86,420-437 .
- Lan, Yang: Xiao-Ping Bao\*, Synthesis Of Novel 1,2,4, Triazole Derivatives Containing The Quinazolinyl Pipridinyl Moiety And N(-Substituted Phenyl )Acetamide Group As Efficient Bactericides Against The Phyto pathogenicBacterium, Xanthomonase Orazae PV .Orazae+ Rsc. Adv.2017, 7,34005.
- 5. Colrin Et. All .Synthesis Of 1,2,3,Triazole Derivatives and Its Evaluation As Corrosion Inhibitor For Carbon Steel International Journal Of Electro Chemistry Vol. 2019,6759478.
- 6. Chai,X,Y : Zang, J :Cao, Y: Hu,H,G :Yu, S, C : Sun,Q,Y : Dan,Z,G Jiang,Y,X : Wu,Q,Y: Eur. Med. Chem. 1913, 2009, 44.
- 7. Pore V,S : Ahir ,N, G : Kumar ,M ;Salala ,P,K : Tetrahedron 2006,62,11178 .
- 8. Zang, X,J: Li,H, Y: You, L,F: Tang, Y: Hsung R,P: Adv. Synthesis, Lett. 2006, 348.2437.
- Ming Juang Et .All ,New Triazole Derivatives As Antifungal Agents , Synthesis Via Click Reaction In Vitro Evaluation And Molecular Docking Studies , Bio Organic And Medicinal Chemistry Letters. 22,2012, 2959-2962.
- 10. Pokhodylo ,Nazare :Shyka ,Olga :Malechuk,Vasyl: Synthsis Of 1,2,3, Triazole Derivatives And Evaluation Of Their Anti Cancer Activity :Sci. Pharma. 2013,81, **663-676** .
- 11. Wu, Wen, Neng :Jiang, Yang ,Ming :Fei, Quang :Du, Hai ,Tang: Yang, Mao, Fa : Synthesis And Antifungal Activity Of Novel 1,2,4 –Triazol Derivatives Containing An Amide Moiety J.Heterocyclic Chem.2019, **1-8**.
- 12. F, Yang :C, P, He :P,C, Diao :K, H, Hang : J,J Rao\*: L : Bio Organic Med.Chem.Lett 2019,2019(1) 22-7.
- 13. Taherpour, A, A : Faraj , H : One Pot Microwave Assisted Synthesis Of 1H Phenanthro [9,10][1,2,3]Triazole Molbank ,2008 , M ,577 .
- 14. Gautam, N :Chourasia O,P :Synthesis,Antimicrobial And Insecticidal Activity Of Some 4- H, 1,2,4 Triazole Derivatives Int. J. Chem.. 2010,4913, **956-959**.

- 15. Daun ,H : Sen ,Gupta ,S :Peterson,J,L :Shi, X : Synthesis And Characterization ,2009 ,28, 2352, 2355 .
- 16. Tsai, Hsuan Yi: M,carla,:Elicheti, Borini:Benedetso,Di Carolina :Girardini,Javier:Martina, Terra Felipe S,A,R : S,G,A: S,M,A Synthesis Of Triazole Derivatives Of Levoglucosenone As Promising Anti Cancer Agents Effective Exploration Of The Chemical Space Through Retro Aza. Michael//Aza Michael Isomerisation.
- 17. Pal ,Kumar ,Dilip : Singh , Vipul : Pandey , Desh , Deepak: Mourya ,Roopesh Synthesis Characterisation And Anti Microbial Evaluation Of Some 1,2,4-Triazole Derivatives , International Journal Of Pharmacy And Pharmaceutical Science 2014 ,Vol6 , Issue 8.
- 18. Amine Al Md : Islam Rabual ,M : Synthesis Of Some Bis Triazole Derivatives As Probes For Cytotoxicity Study .Bangladesh ,J.Pharmacol. 2006,**21 -26** .
- 19. Gupta ,Deepa: Jain D. K :Synthesis Antifungal And antibacterial Activity Of Novel 1,2,3-Triazole Derivatives ,J. Adv .Pharma .Tech. Res .2015 ,6 : 141 -6 .
- 20. Bekirkan ,Olcay : Bektas , Haken : Synthesis Of New Bis 1,2,4 –Triazole Derivatives Molecules 2006,11, **469-477** .
- A, Hanan: Fatah, Abdul ;Synthesis, Cytotoxic And Antimicrobial Activities Of Novel 1,2,4, Triazole Derivatives In Corporating Aryl Sulphonamide Moity .Assian Journalof Pharmaceutical Analysis And Med. Chemistry-2 (3) 2014, 145 -152.
- 22. Babu, Raghvendra, N : Kulandaivelu, Umashankar :Rao, Koteswara N, S, G : Alavala Reddy Rajshekar : Padmavati , Y :, Reddy Madva B :Design ,Synthesis And Evaluation Of Antitubucular Activity Of Novel Triazole Derivatives , IJPSR 2020 Vol. 11 (6) 2920 2925 .
- 23. Shi, Xiadong : Morgan ,Town: MV :Synthesis Of Triazole Derivatives From Lewis Base Mediated Nitro Alkene Aldehyde Coupling .US Application Publication 2009/0048451 A1.
- 24. Singh ,Tanu , Shree : Singh ,Jagdesh:Naskar , Arup: Gosh ,Tirath : Mandal, Arijet : Kundu, Maritungy: Harvansh, K, Ranjeet : Maity ,Kumar ,Tapan : Synthesis And Evaluation Of Antiproliferative Activity Of 1,2,4 Triazole Derivatives Against RAC Bearingmice Model. Indian Journal Of Pharmacieutical Education And Research Oct –Dec.2012/Vol .46/Issue 4.
- 25. Dayama D.S : Khatale P,N: Khedkar S, A : Nazarkar, S,R: Ved Pathak : Synthesis And Biological activity Of Some novel 1,2,4 Triazole Derivatives Pharma .Chem. 2014,6(5),123-7.
- 26. Mali,R,R : Toraskar, M,P :Mali, K,K :Naik,P,P :Shirodkar,P,Y :Synthesis Of Some Antifungal And Anti Tubucular 1,2,4 Triazole Analogoue I.N. J Chem.Res .2009, 1 (2) **168-73**.